



Introduction to the Theory of Luminescence: Basic Principles

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TL & OSL: History

Thermoluminescence, TL

Robert Boyle, 1664

Weidemann & Schmidt, 1895

– first use of the word: “*Thermoluminescence*”



Optically Stimulated Luminescence, OSL

Edmund & Henri Becquerel, 1843, 1853

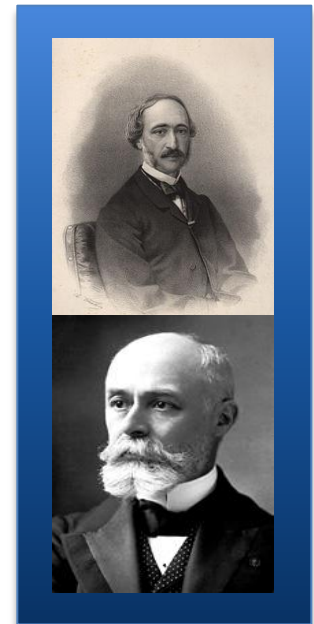
Antonov-Romanovski et al., Schulman et al.,

Albrecht and Mandeville, 1953, 1956

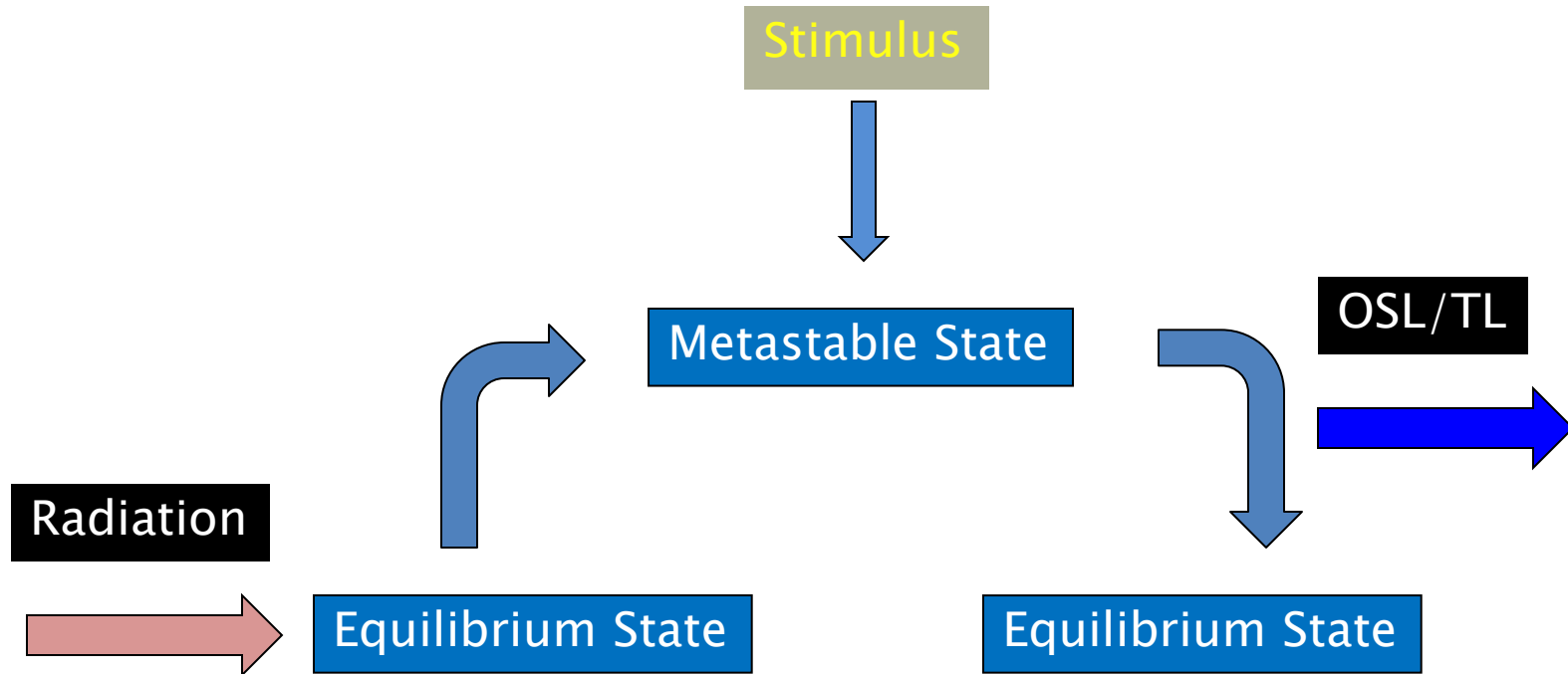
Fowler, 1963 – first use of the phrase:

“*Optically Stimulated Luminescence*”

Huntley et al., 1985



TL & OSL: A Conceptual Framework



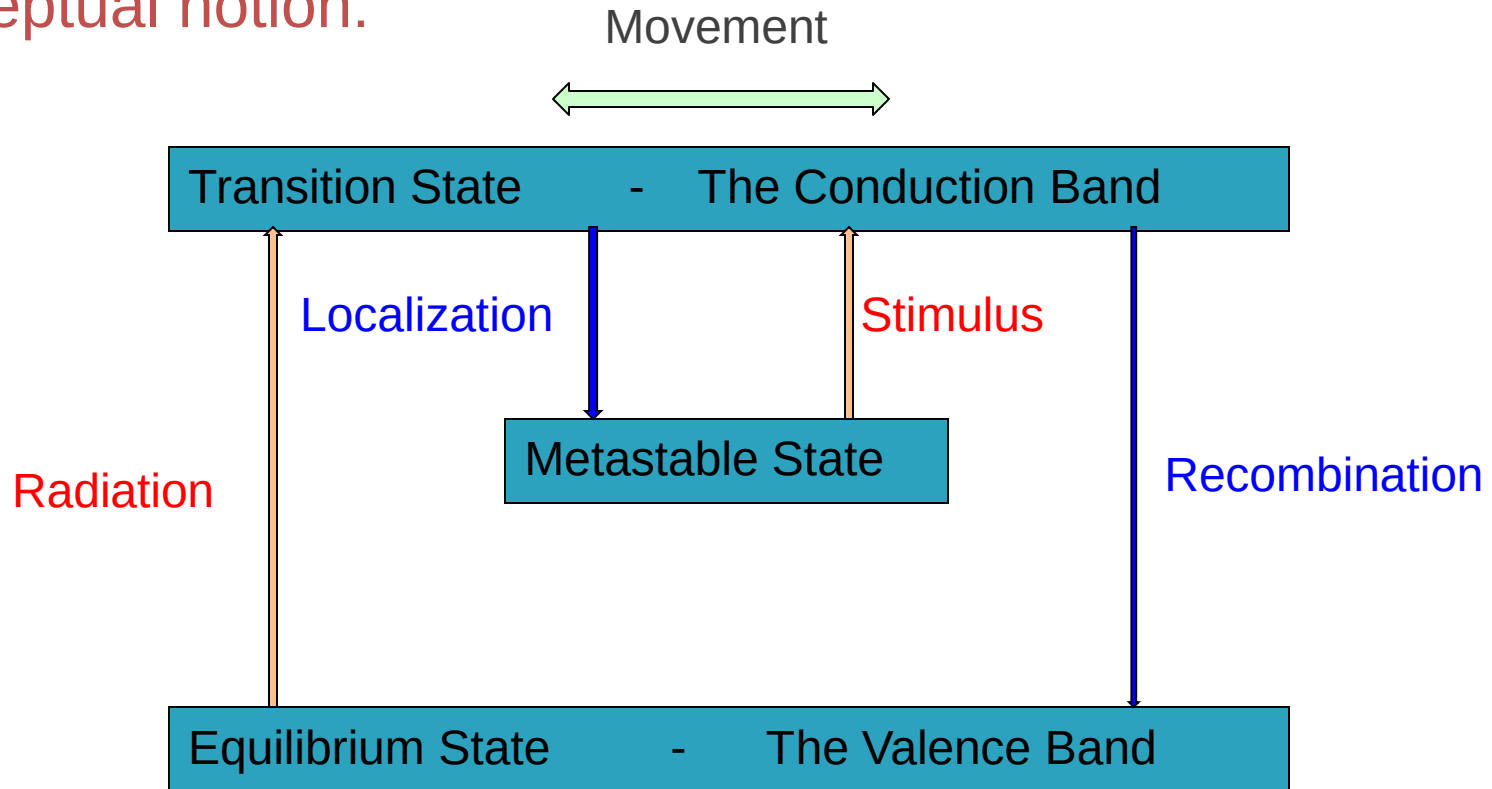
Conceptual notion:

Metastable State

Equilibrium State

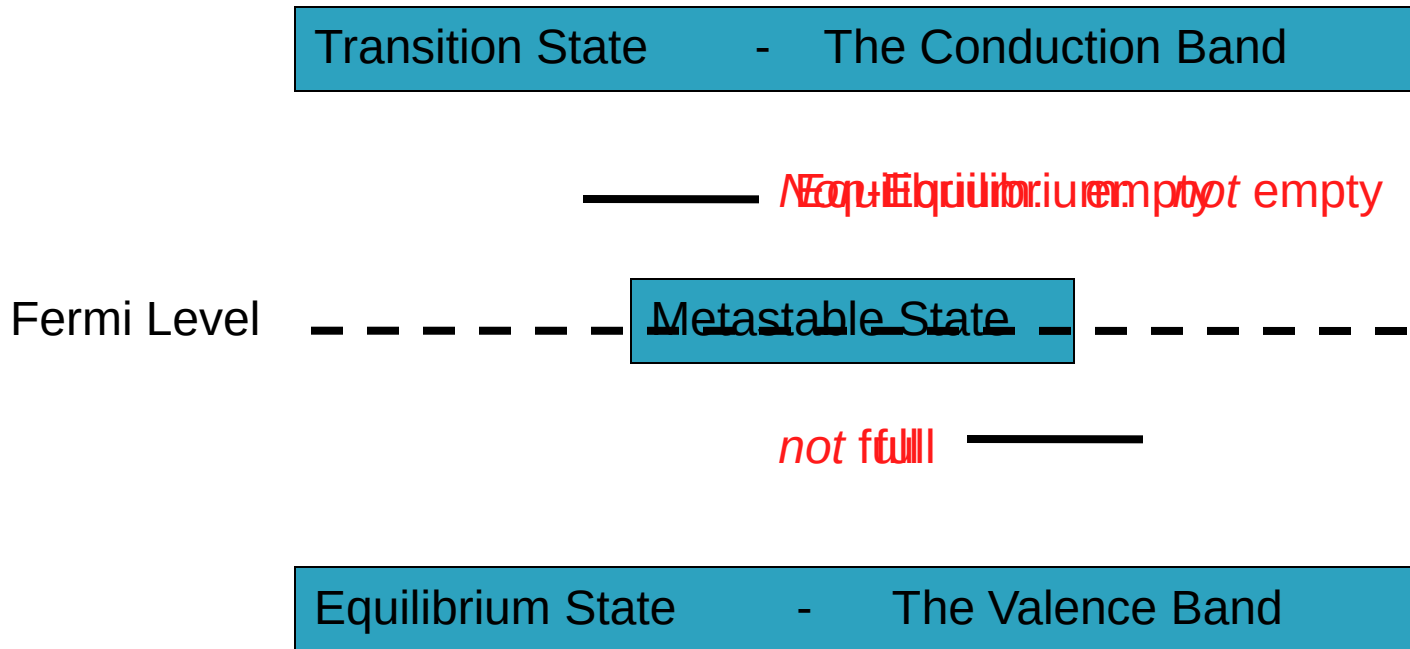
Equilibrium State

Conceptual notion:

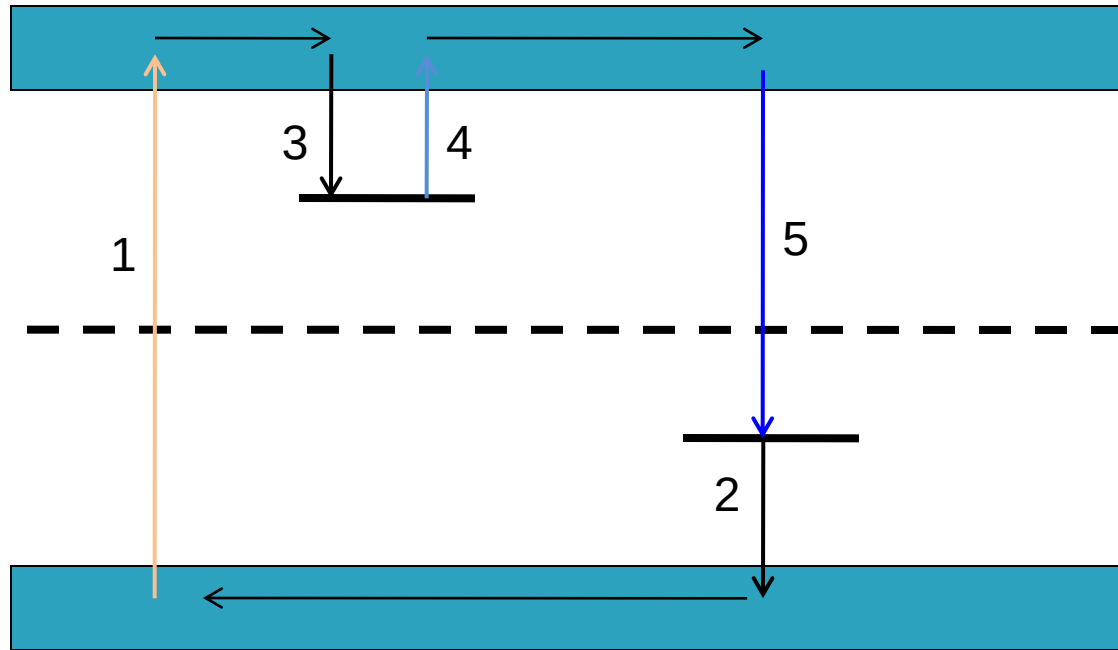


Changes of state involve transitions of electrons from one atomic or molecular configuration to another – **at a different atomic or molecular site.**

Conceptual notion:

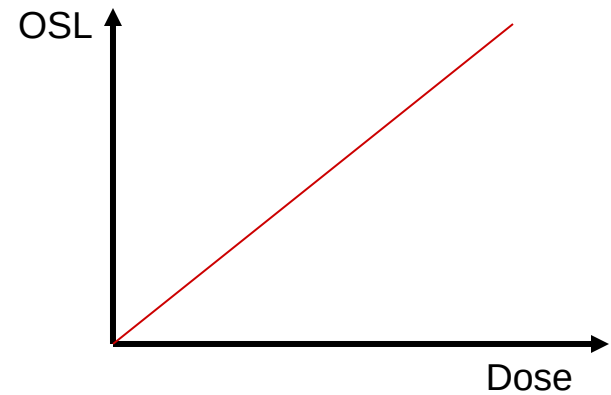
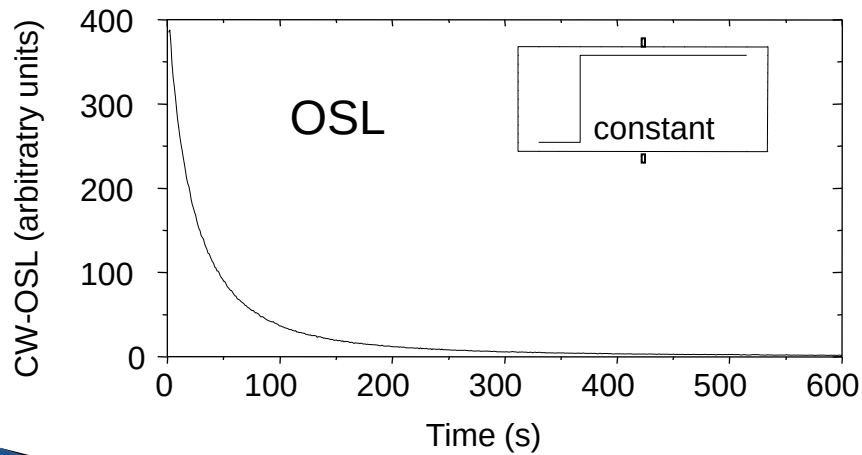
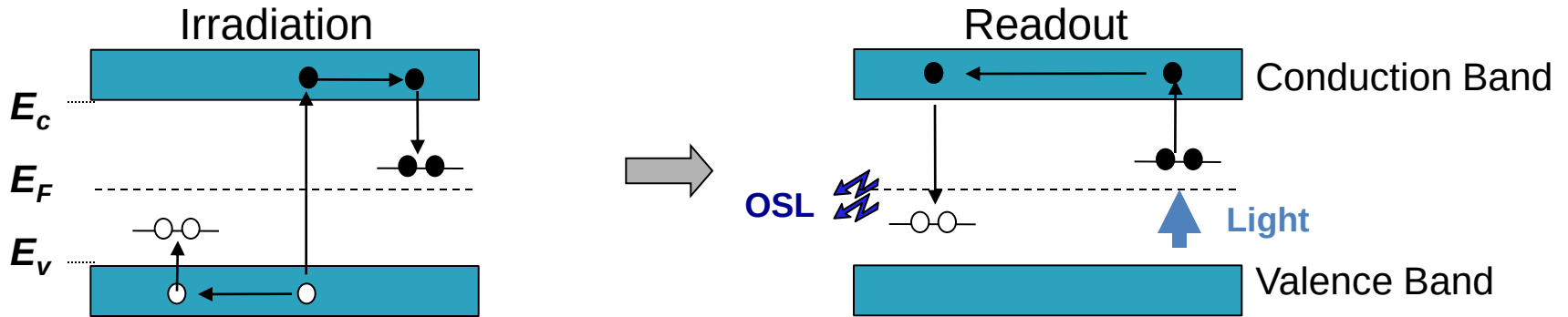


What do we mean by the Metastable state?

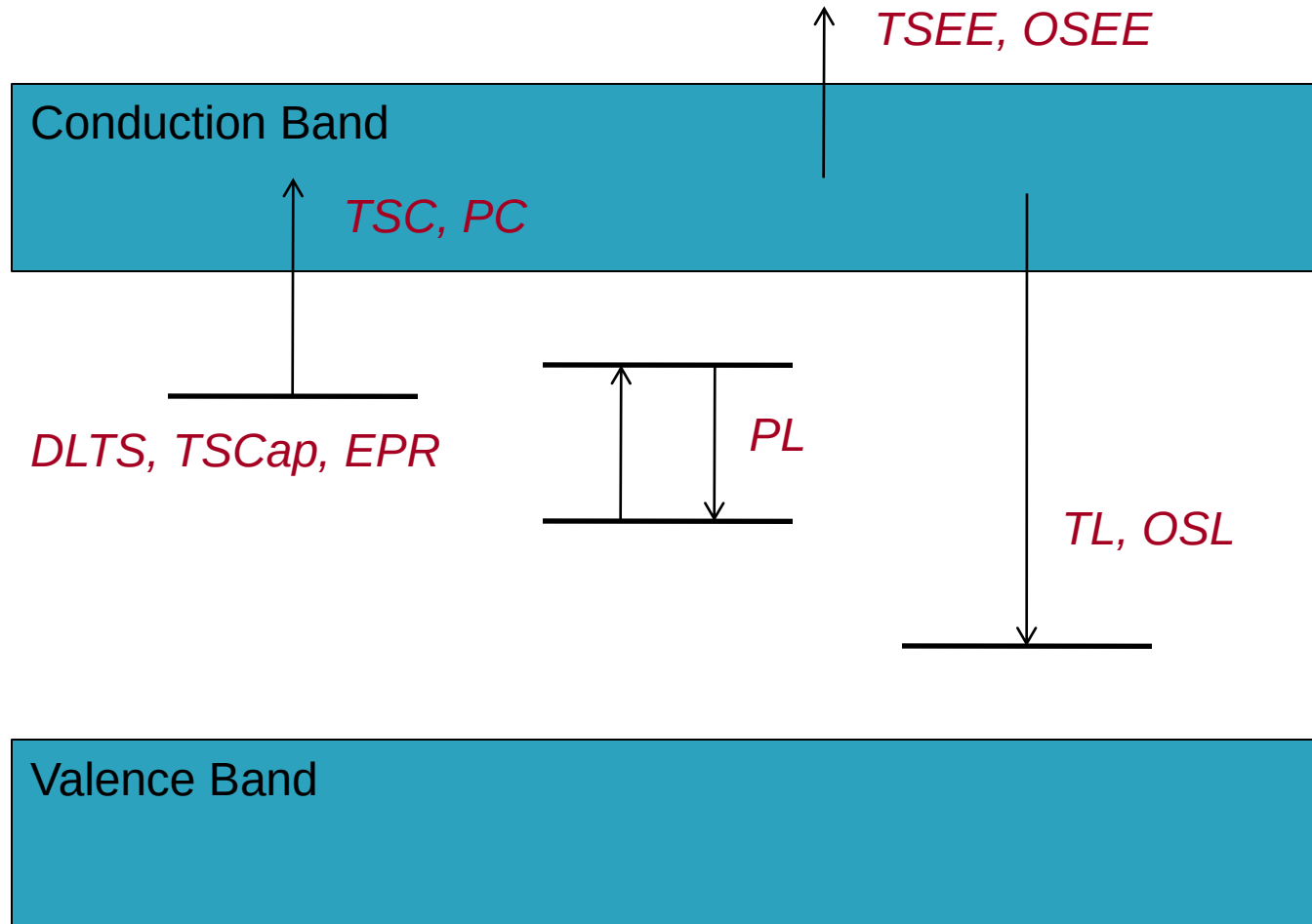


- 1 – excitation by radiation
- 2 & 3 – Localization (trapping)
- 4 – stimulation (by light (OSL) or by heat (TL))
- 5 – recombination (producing luminescence - OSL or TL)

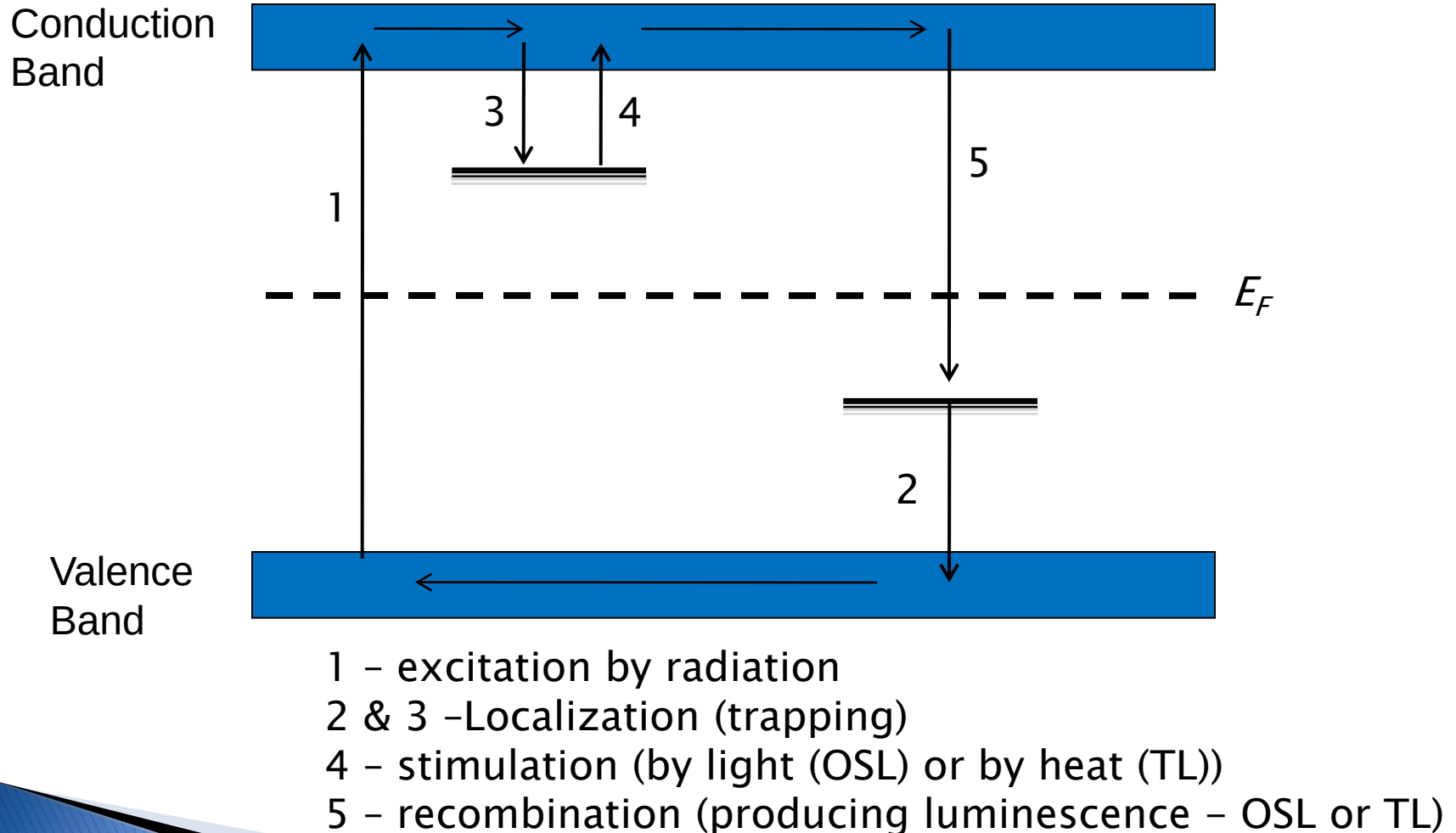
E.g. OSL – Total OSL output proportional to the dose absorbed



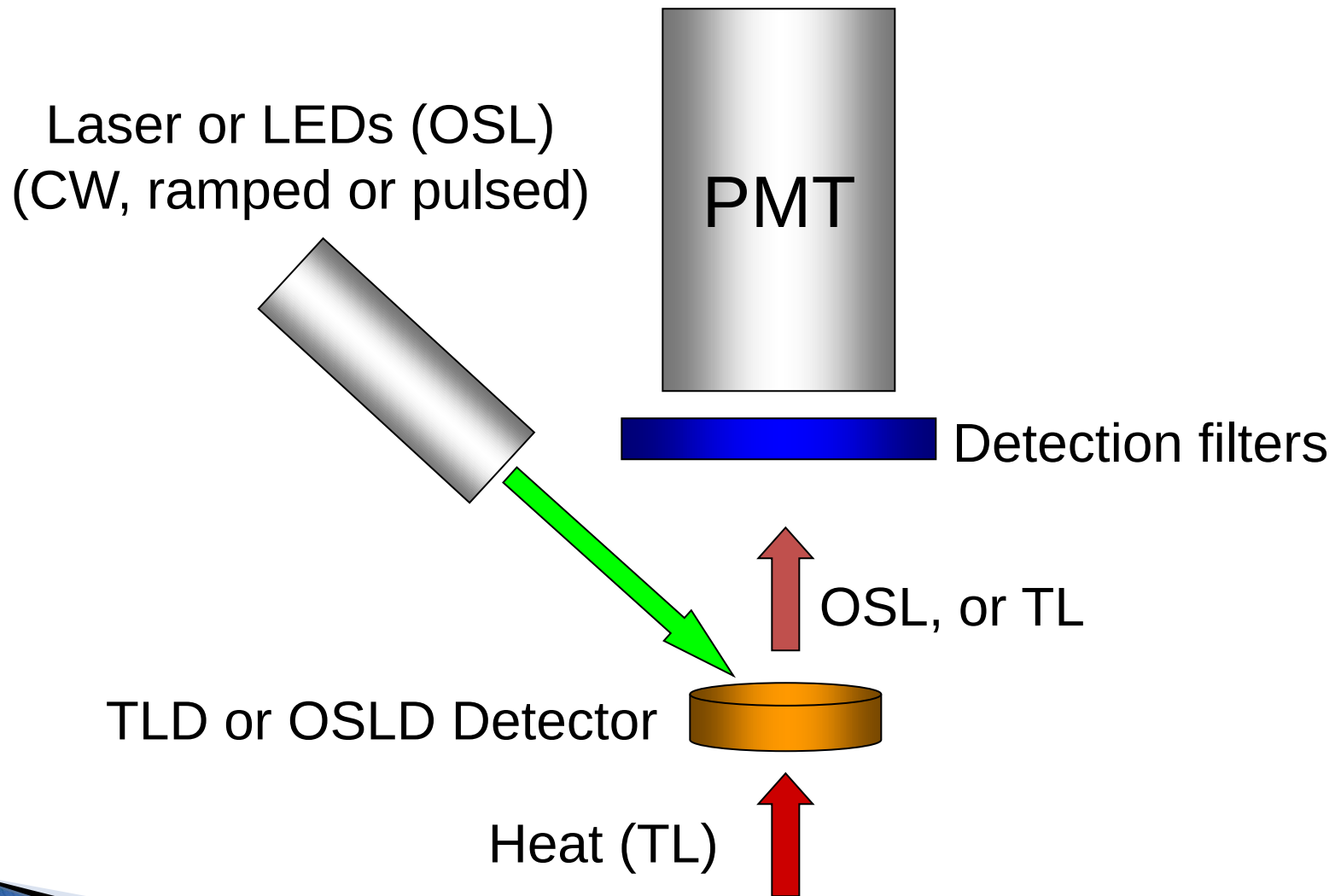
OSL and related phenomena:



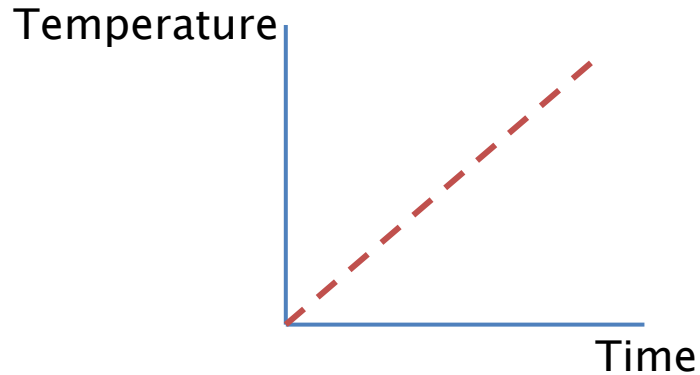
TL & OSL: A Conceptual Framework



Schematic of Equipment



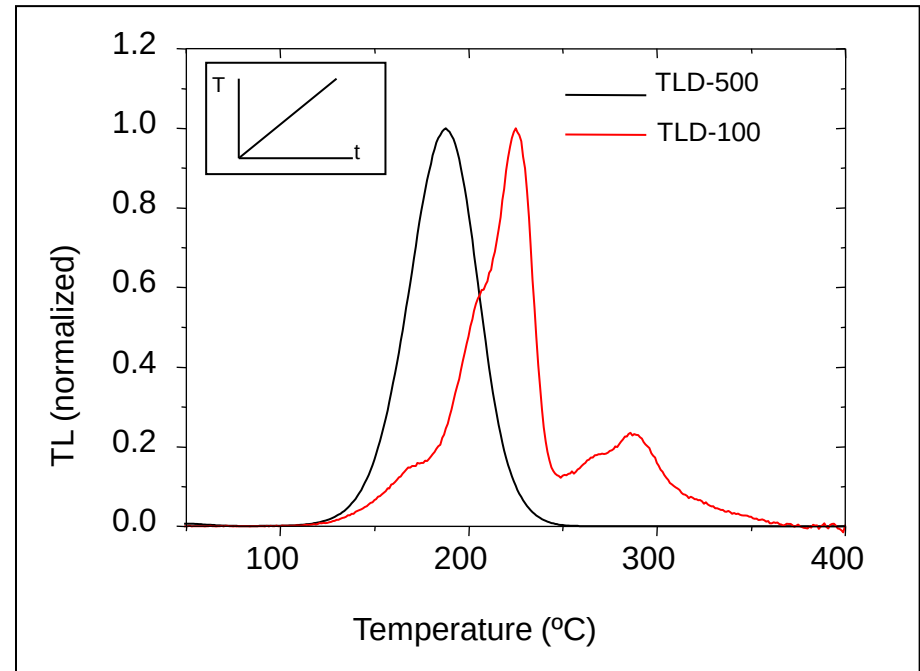
Thermoluminescence



Usually, linear temperature ramp



“Glow Curves”
[LiF:Mg,Ti and $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3\text{:C}$]



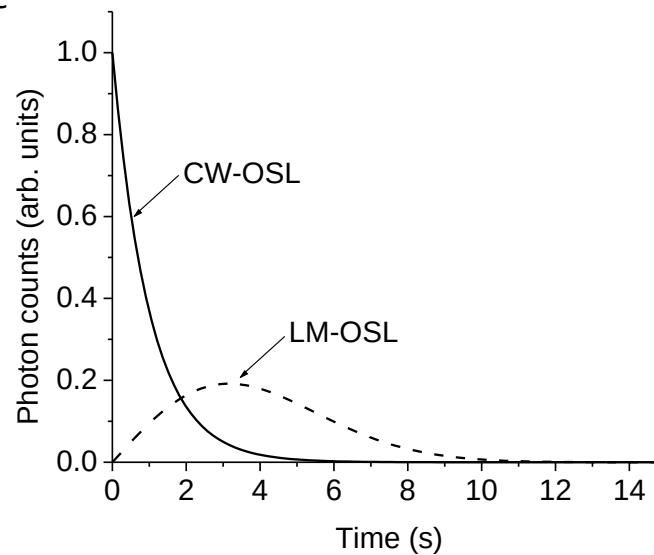
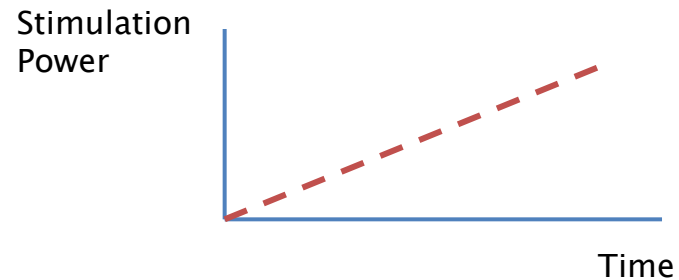
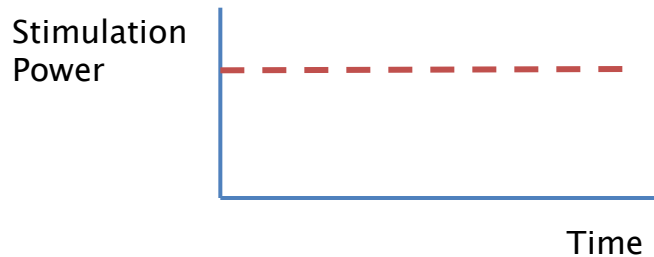
Optically Stimulated Luminescence

Modulate the stimulation intensity. Either:

Constant – CW-OSL

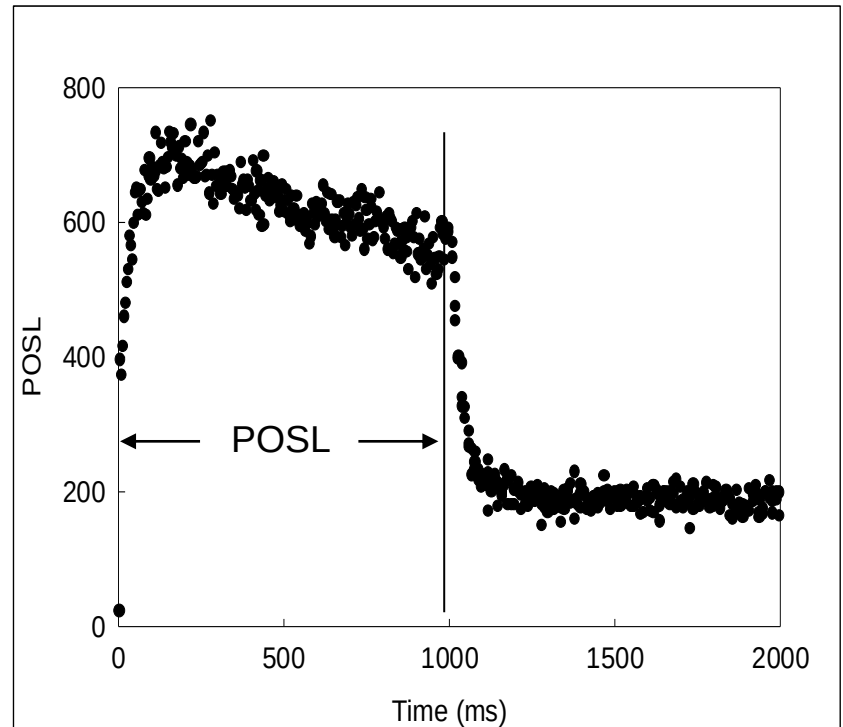
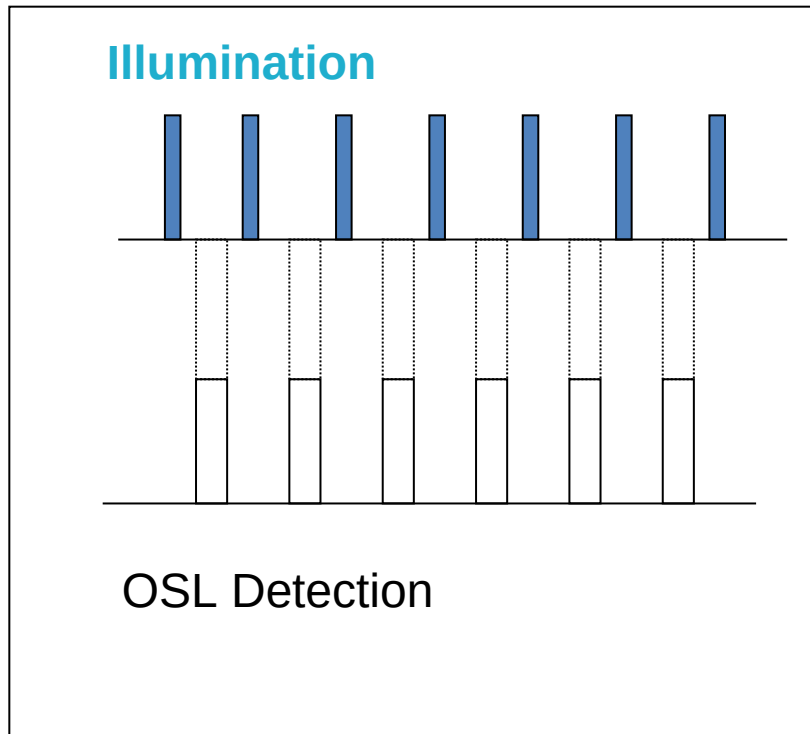
or

Linear increase – LM-OSL



Optically Stimulated Luminescence

.....or Pulsed – POSL



Mathematical Descriptions

Main assumption: *First-Order Kinetics*

$$I(t) \propto \left| \frac{dn}{dt} \right| = n_0 p$$

Thermoluminescence

$$p = s \exp\left(-\frac{E}{kT}\right)$$

I = TL/OSL intensity

n, n_0 = charge in traps

p = probability/unit time of charge being released

E = trap depth (eV)

s = frequency factor (s^{-1})

T = temperature (K)

β = heating rate (K/s)

k = Boltzmann's constant

$$I_{TL}(T) = n_0 s \exp\left(-\frac{E}{kT}\right) \exp\left[-\frac{s}{\beta} \int_{T_0}^T \exp\left(-\frac{E}{kT}\right) dT\right]$$

Mathematical Descriptions

Optically Stimulated Luminescence

$$p = \Phi \sigma(E_o)$$

CW-OSL: $\Phi = \text{constant}$

LM-OSL: Φ ramped; $\Phi(t) = \beta_\phi t$

I = TL/OSL intensity

n, n_o = charge in traps

p = probability/unit time of charge being released

E_o = optical trap depth (eV)

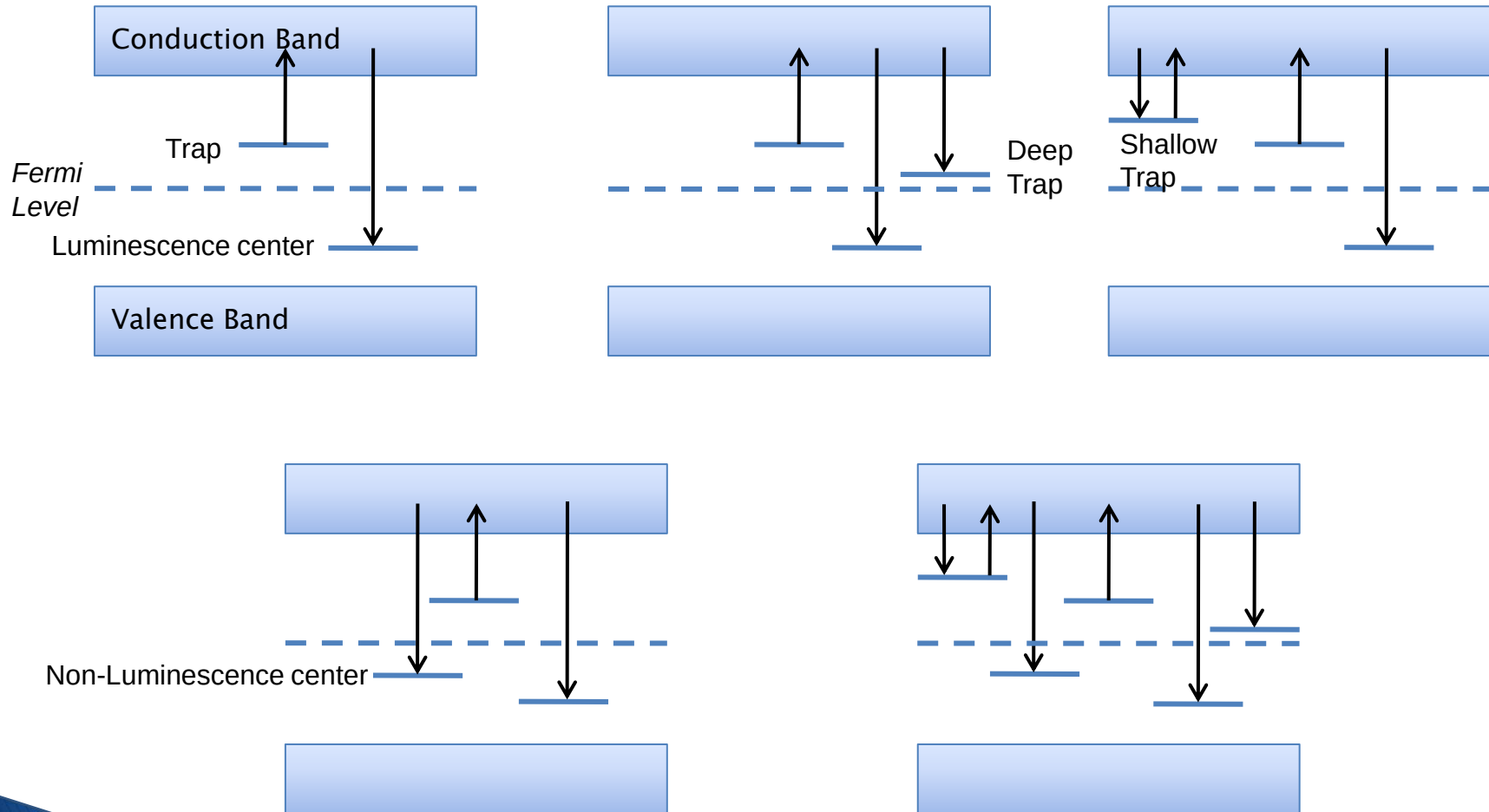
Φ = stimulation intensity

σ = photoionization cross-section (m²)

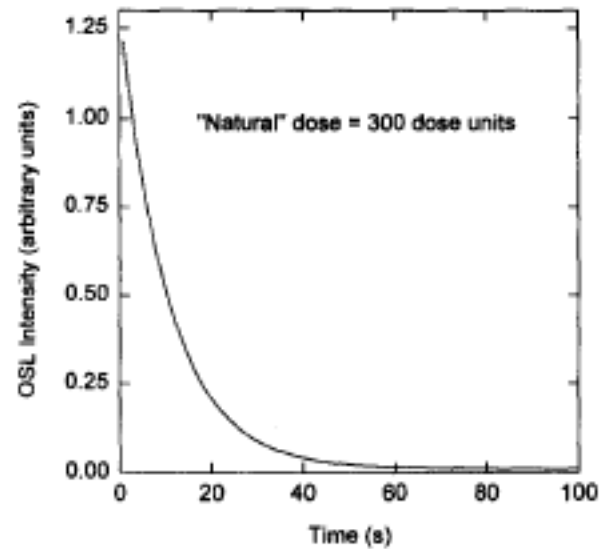
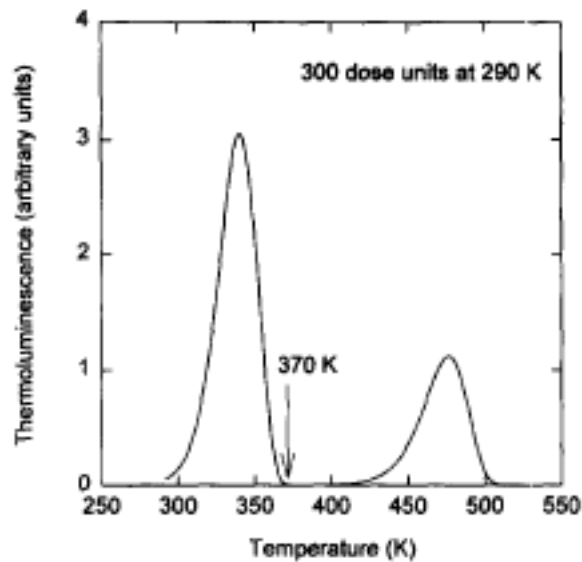
τ_d = CW-OSL decay constant

$$I_{CW-OSL}(t) = n_o p \exp(-tp) = I_0 \exp\left(-\frac{t}{\tau_d}\right)$$

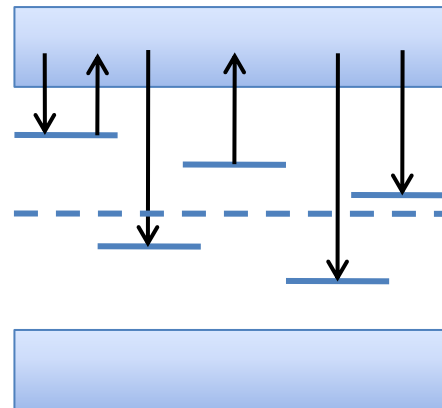
Example Models



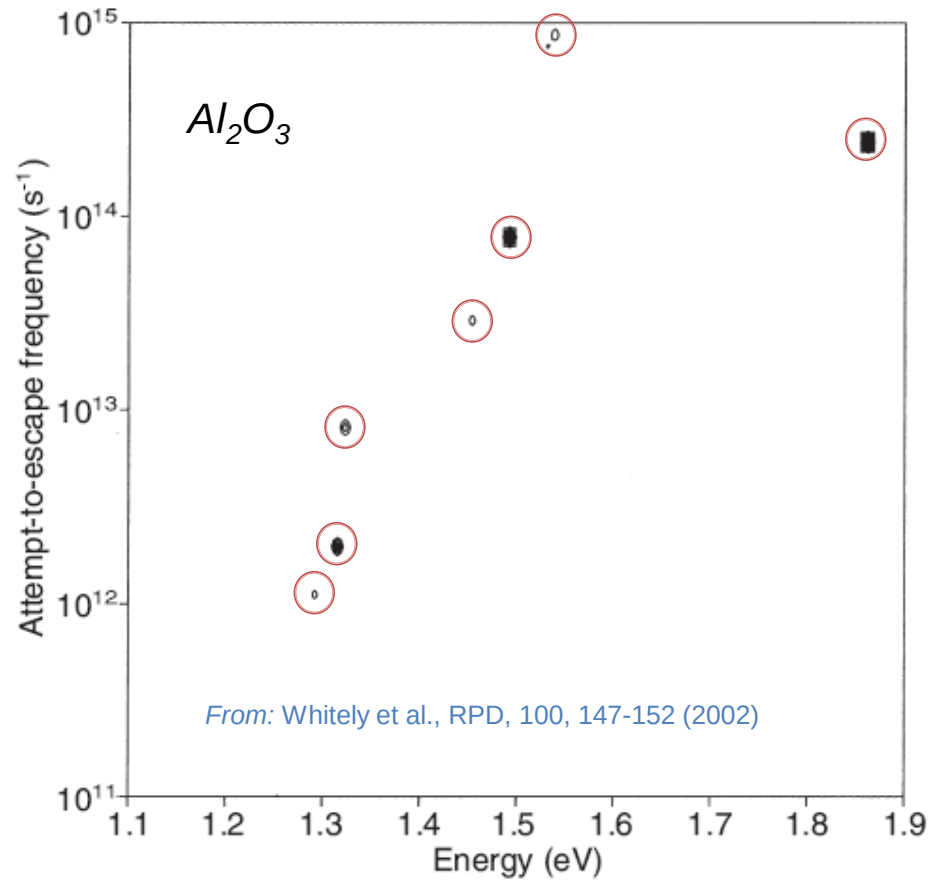
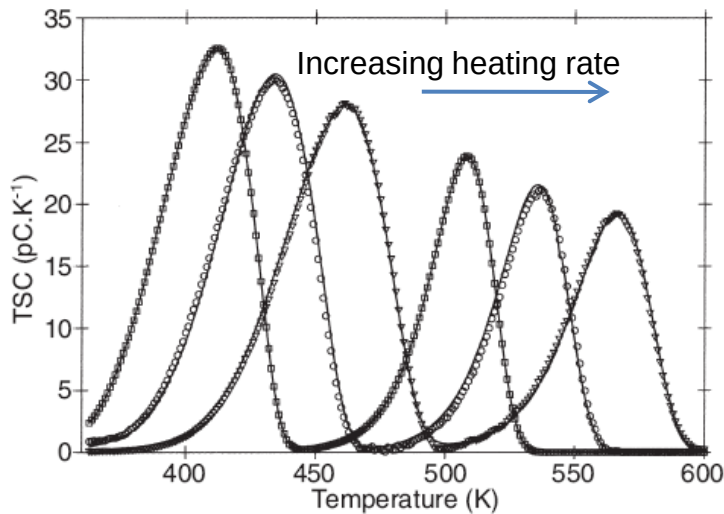
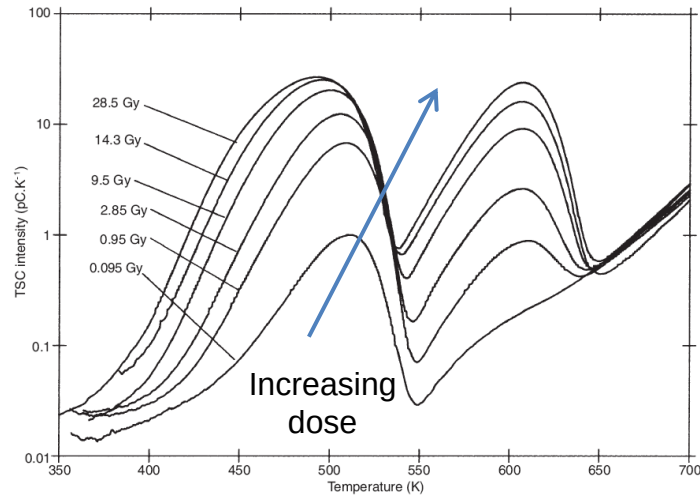
Simulated TL & OSL



Simulated "Quartz-like" TL and OSL Curves using band diagram shown



Real materials: multiple traps/centers

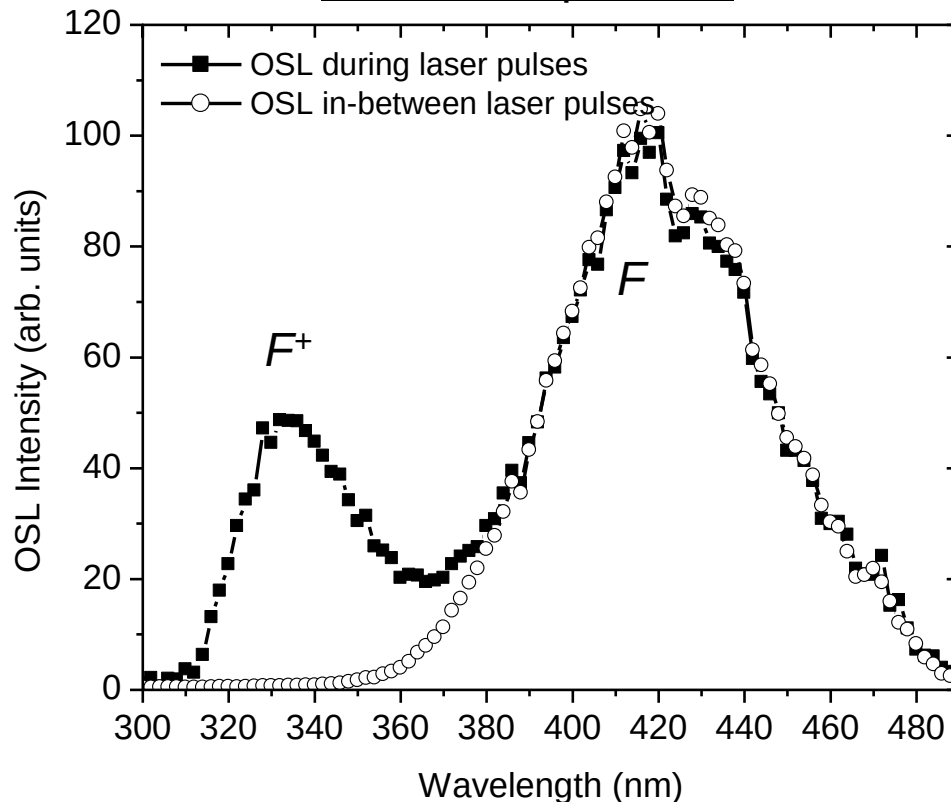


$$I_{TSC}(T, \beta) = \int \int g[E, s] I_{RW}(T, \beta) dE ds$$

$$I_{RW}(T, \beta) = s \exp\left\{-\frac{E}{kT}\right\} \int_{T_0}^T \left(-\frac{s}{\beta}\right) \exp\left\{-\frac{E}{k\theta}\right\} d\theta$$

Emission and Excitation Spectra

Emission Spectrum



From: Yukihiro and McKeever.
J. Appl. Phys. 100, 083512 (2006)

F -center emission

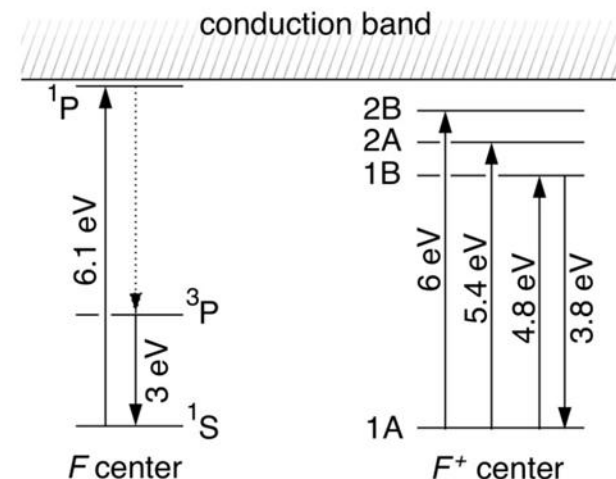
3P - 1S ; 420nm broad emission

$\tau=35$ ms

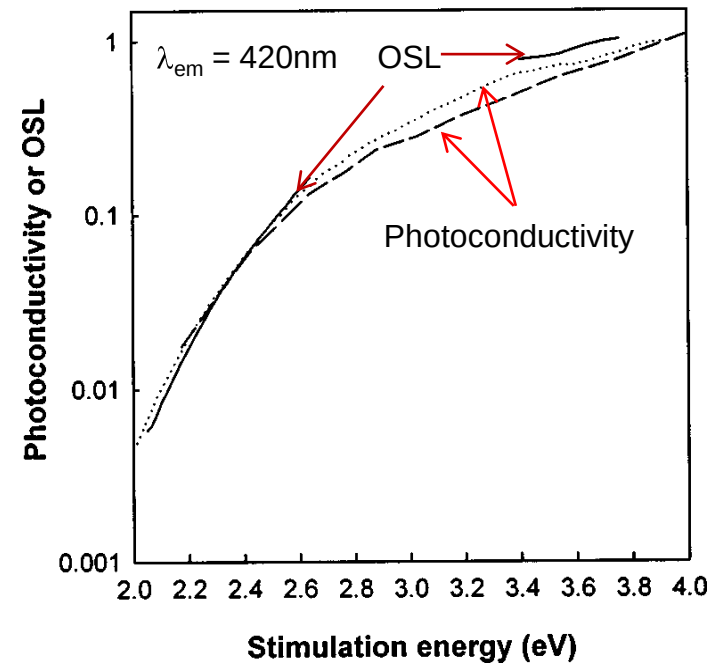
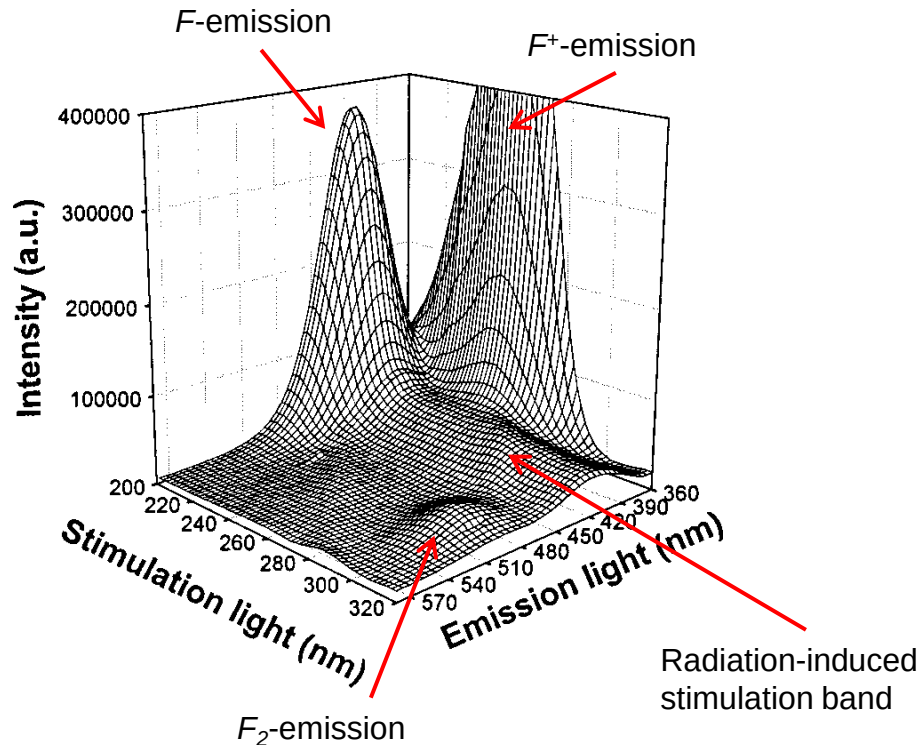
F^+ -center emission

$1B$ - $1A$; 330 nm broad emission

$\tau<7$ ns



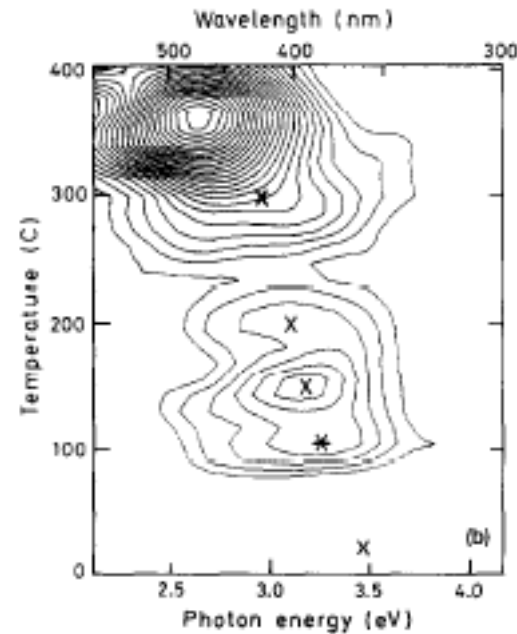
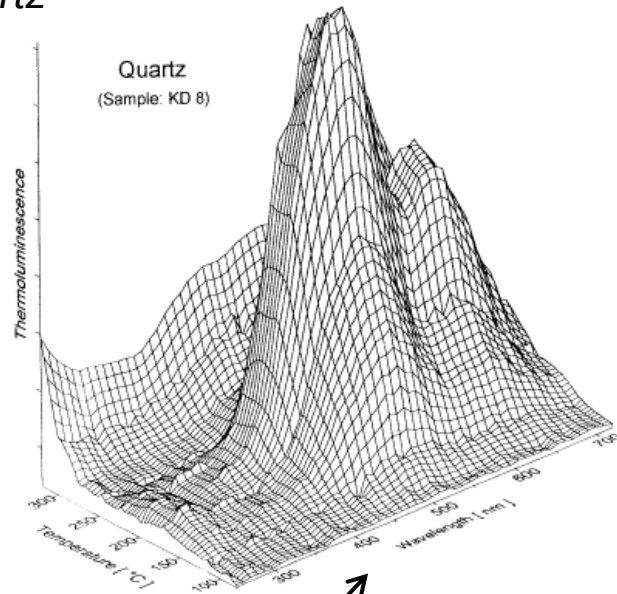
Emission and Excitation Spectra



Data from: Whitely and McKeever.
J. Appl. Phys. 87, 249-256 (2000)

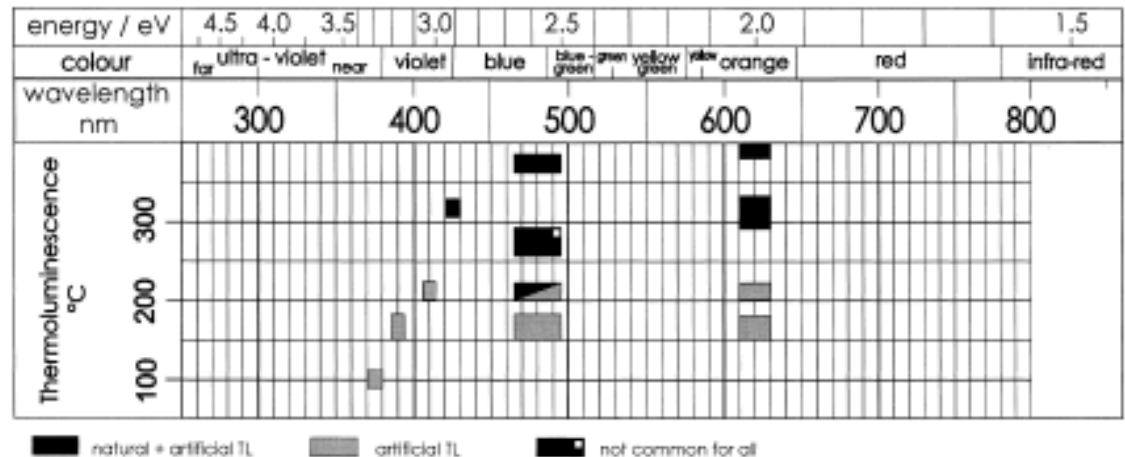
Emission and Excitation Spectra

Quartz



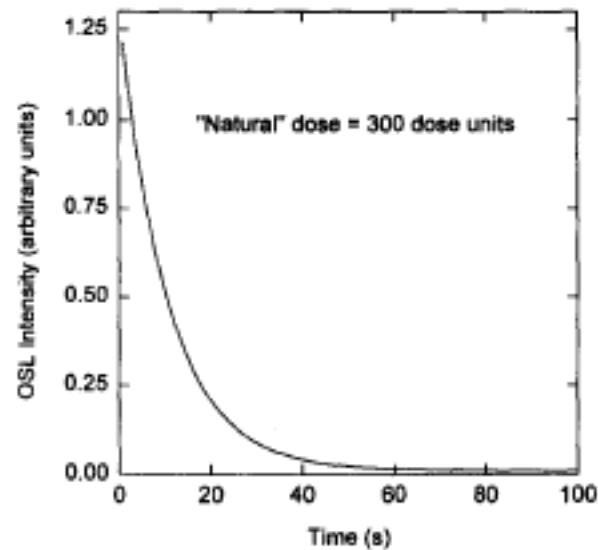
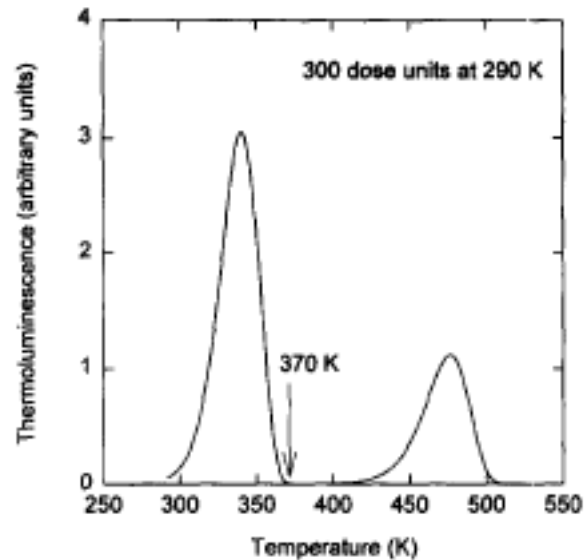
Data from: Franklin et al
J. Lumin. 63, 317-326 (1997)

Data from: Krbetschek et al
Rad. Meas. 27, 695-748 (1997)



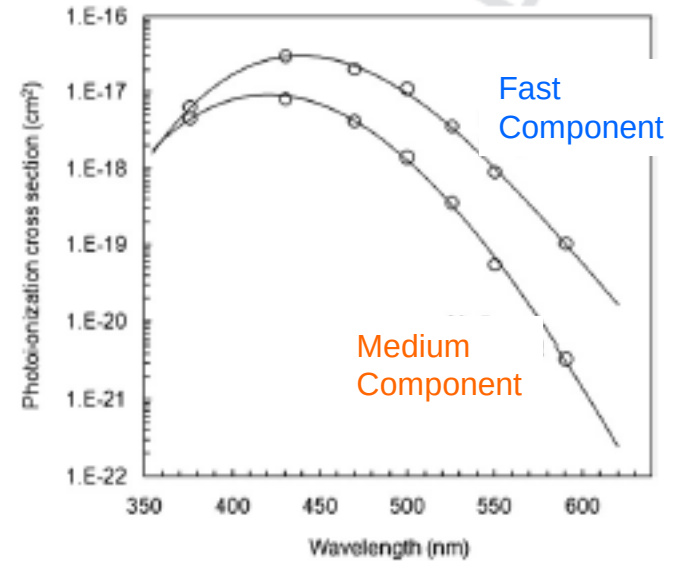
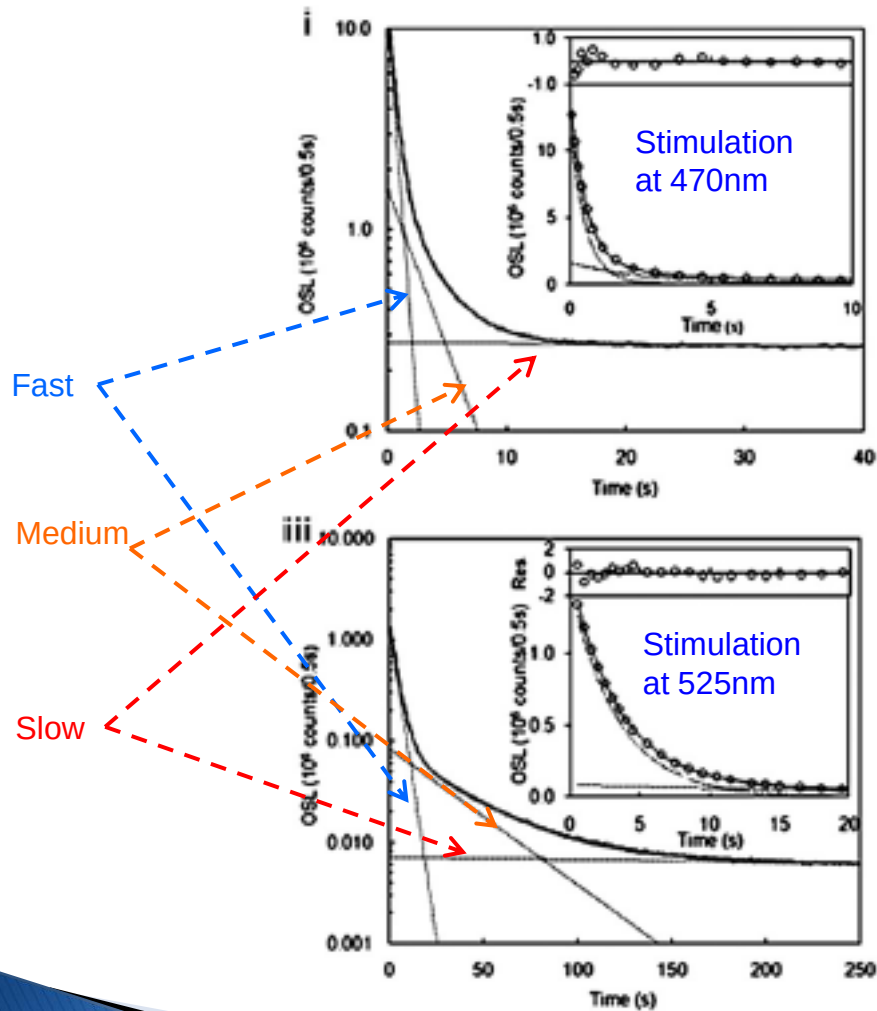
Curve Shapes

No re-trapping; no trap interactions.....First-Order kinetics



.....but reality can be more complex

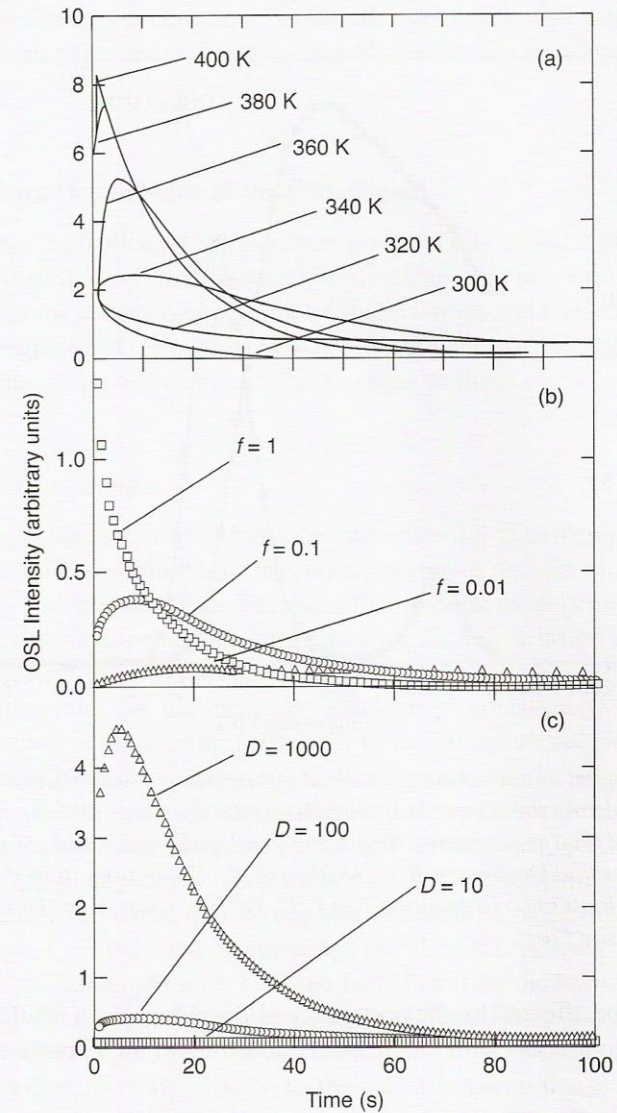
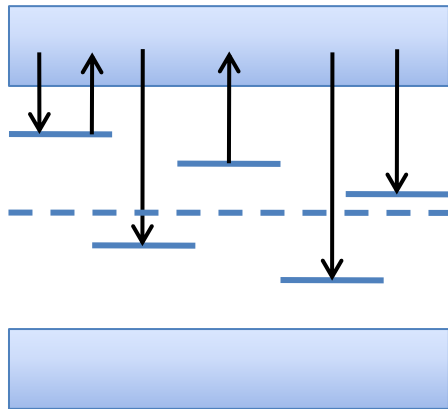
Curve Shapes



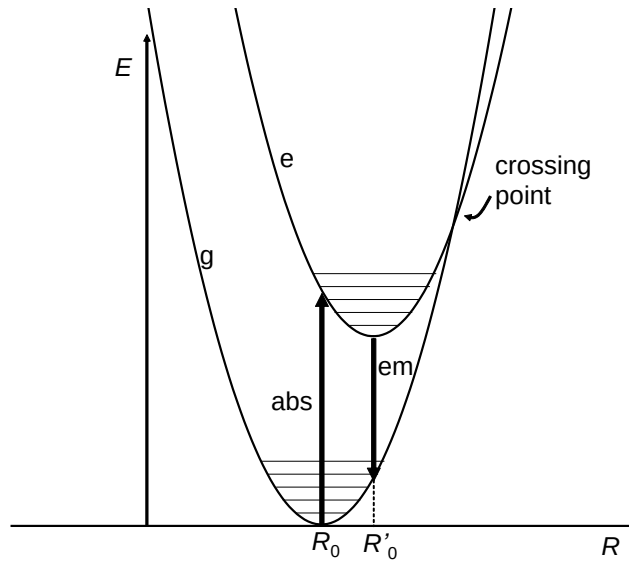
Data from: Bailey et al
Rad. Meas. (2011; in press)

Curve Shapes

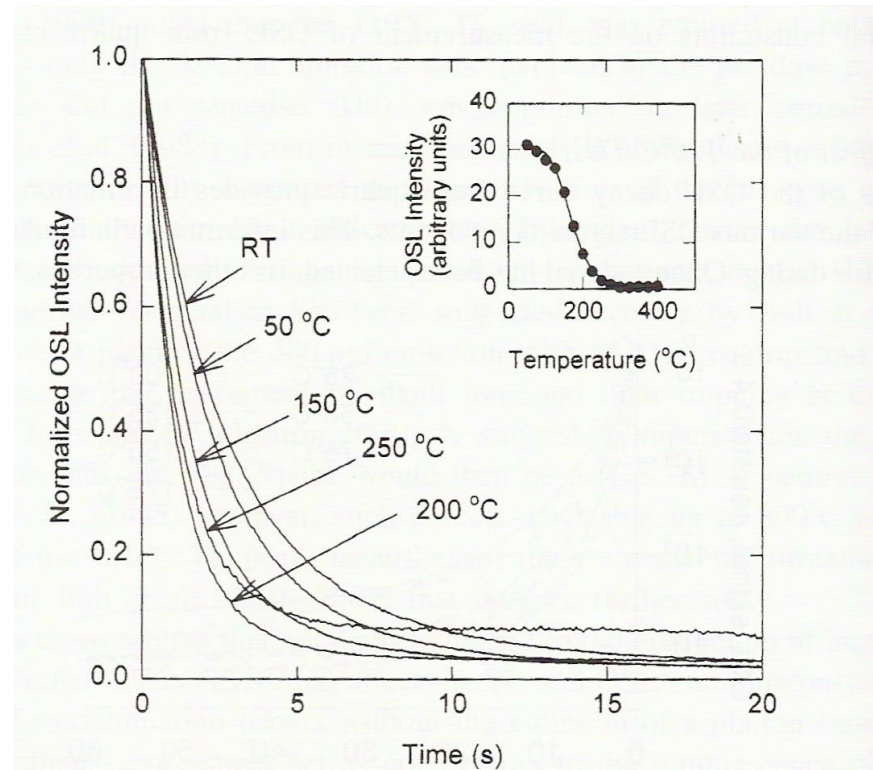
Possible OSL curve shapes using model shown, for a variety of conditions: Simulation



Thermal Quenching

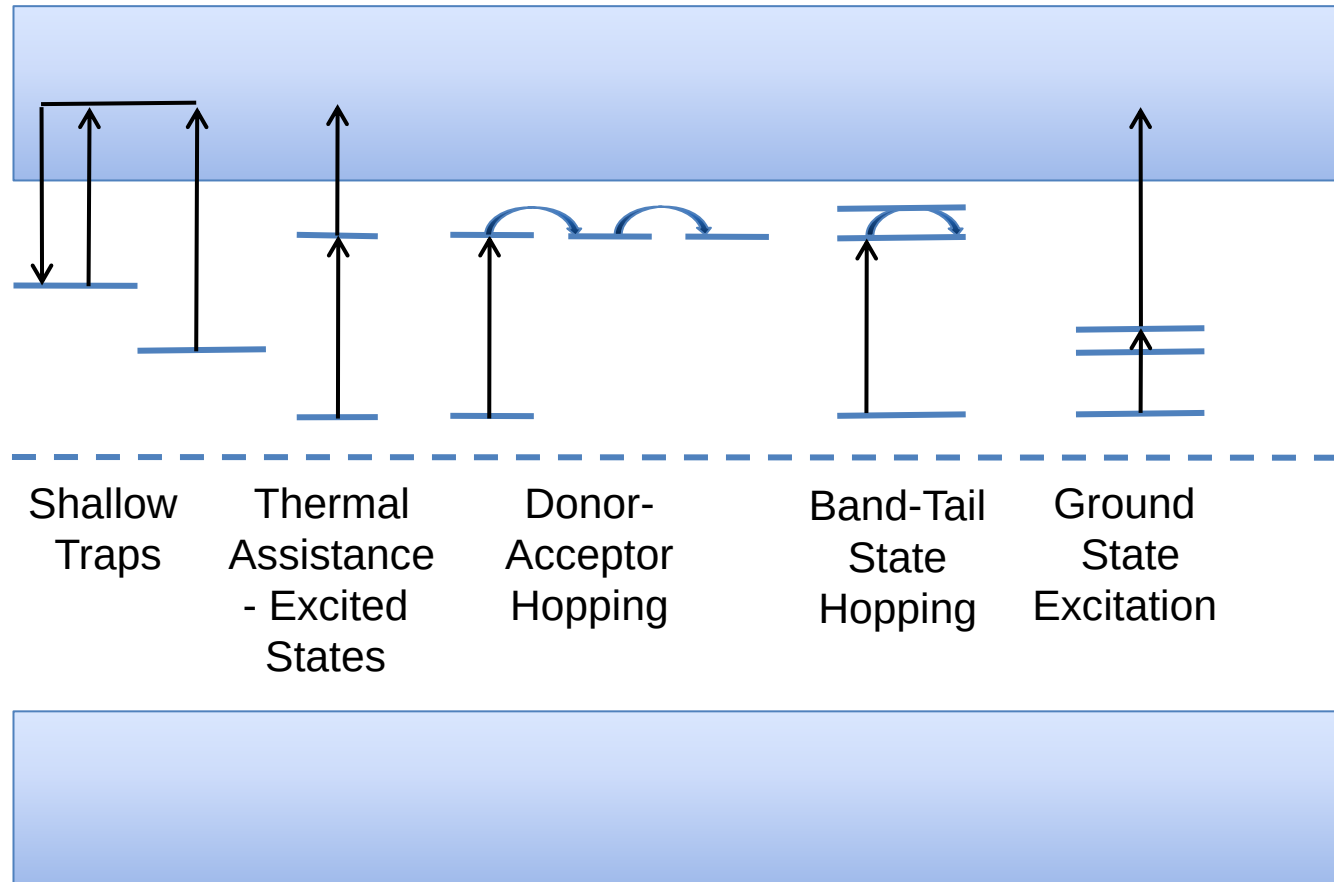


Configurational Coordinate Diagram



Data from: McKeever et al
Rad. Meas. 27, 161-170 (1997)

Temperature Dependencies



Thank You!